

HEADQUARTERS

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

UNITED STATES COAST GUARD

WASHINGTON

April 11, 1942.

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MANDANT, U. S. COAST GUARD

Memorandum for Intelligence Files:

The American S. S. E.H.BLUM, owner Atlantic Refining Company, Master Captain W. L. Evans, departed Philade lphia for Port Arthur Texas at 1430, February 15, 1942. She arrived off the Virginia Capes at 1950, February 16, 1942 and stopped and drifted there befause of fog. She was unable to contact the guard boat or obtain a pilot. While she was drifting she ran afoul of several mines which exploded between 2133 ans 2212, zero plus time, February 16, about 6320 yards true from Cape Henry light. There are numberous mines in the vicinity, but it is believed the vessel hit on Navy mines which had come adrift. The vessel grounded soon thereafter. Salvage operations have been under way for some time. That part of the vessel forward of No. 5 tank rboke away from the remainder, which the keel broke, and was towed to the Newport News Shipbuilding Co. where it is now pending further arrangements for the rem pairs necessary.

No responsibility is reported as resting on Naval personnel because of the disaster. The crew of the vessel was then off by the Coast Guard Patrol Boat WOODBURY.

1 Jothe board of inquiry

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May 8, 1942

Argentine STATES COAST GUARD

Norfolk, Virginia

From: Captain of the Port, Norfolk, Virginia.

Subject: Argentina MV RIO IGUAZU; violation of mine field vicinity of Cape Henry, Virginia.

Inclosure: (A) Questionnaire of Captain Bernardino Gonzalezs of the Argentina MV RIO IGUAZU.

1. The RIO IGUAZU on 7 May, 1941, while proceeding to the entrance of the Chesapeake Capes, passed through the mine field area and disregarded a shot fired across his bow for the purpose of heaving him to. On being questioned at this office the Captain of the RIO IGUAZU, Bernardino Gonzalezs, stated that prior his departure New York he was not issued any instructions or advised conditions at the entrance of the Chesapeake Capes. When asked why he did not heave to when the shot was placed across his bow, he stated that he was unaware of any such shot being fired. When this vessel approached the entrance on above date it was very hazy and the reason he did not see the Pilot Boat was that he was too far to the northeast, which is explained under inclosure (A).

2. Captain Bernardino Gonzalezs further stated that when he left New York and after proceeding down the Bay, he was stopped by a Coast Guard Vessel who asked for his permit to depart, etc. When this Coast Guard Officer was advised that all the RIO IGUAZU had was signal letters, Captain Gonzalezs was directed to return New York for proper papers. Captain Gonzalezs stated that he returned to New York and was advised by the Navy that he did not need anything and to go ahead, this he did.

3. The Port Director's Office at the Naval Operating Base, Norfolk, Virginia, was contacted and asked to advise this office concerning the movements of Argentina vessels, and that office advised that they were not interested in vessels of this nationality.

4. It seems these ships, prior their departure from U. S. ports, should at least be informed as to the locations of pilot boats and furnished Hydrographic information that is of a public nature.

5. The sunken ship referred to under inclosure (A) is the after part of the U.S. Tanker E. H. BLUM, who was blown apart in the mine fields north of Cape Henry.

Copy to: _____ New York R. B. Hall.

May 8, 1942

Questionnaire of Captain Bernardino Gonzalezs of the Argentina MV RIO IGUAZU

Q. What instructions were issued you in New York?

GOA CONFIDENTIAL OF THE PORT,

HORFOLK, VIEWINI

- A. Outside of signals hoist no instructions were issued. The Pilot was taking us out of the harbor when we were stopped by the Coast Guard and told to return to New York. We went back and my agent talked with the Navy and the Navy told him it was a misinterpretation of orders that we could proceed, so we proceeded and came to Norfolk.
- Q. Did the Pilot board you outside of Cape Henry?
- A. Here inside, the Pilot boarded right outside here all the ships there waiting convoy, which was inside of Cape Henry in Lynnhaven Roads.
- Q. Did the pilot stop you outside of the Capes?
- A. No, I did not see any Pilot Boat.
- Q. What route did you take on approaching to Cape Henry?
- A. I approached from the northeast, outside of flashing white whistle buoy No. 12 on down pass close aboard flashing white buoy No. 14 and steered directly for Cape Henry flashing white whistle buoy No. 2 passing close to an old sunken ship and no Pilot Boat was sighted in the vicinity thereof. I then went to a position two miles 50 degrees from Cape Henry Light, where I anchored my vessel at approximately 1550 EWT on 7 May, 1942.
- Q. How long did you remain in anchorage?
- A. Well I remained about 20 to 25 minutes, awaiting the Pilot.
- Q. Did the Pilot come aboard there?
- A. Just before I anchored someone was flashing Morse Code. I thought it was the Pilot so about the time I turned the ship to head to the Pilot, the Coast Guard came aboard and told me to anchor and await the Pilot.
- Q. Where did the Pilot come aboard?
- A. While my vessel was at anchor two miles 60 degrees from Cape Henry.
- Q. Did you hear or see a shot?
- A. Me and my 1st officer and 2nd officer were on the bridge and did not see nor hear anything.
- Q. How close did you pass that sunken ship?
- A. About one mile outside.
- Q. Prior to your departure from New York, did you receive any instructions in regards to approaching the entrance to the Capes?
- A. I did not receive anything except the three flag hoist, which was hoisted all the way.
- Q. Did you visit the Naval Routing Office before leaving New York? A. I did not receive any instructions to see the Routing Officer.

601 CONFIDENTIAL OFFICE OF THE CAPTAIN OF THE PORT, NORFOLK, VIRGINIA Norfolk, Virginia May 11, 1942

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Commandant, Comet Guard Hendquistors,

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May 11: 1942

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Commandant, 5th Naval District

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Norfolk, Virginia

May 11, 1942

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